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Primary Channel Assignment based MAC  
(PCAM) – A Multi-Channel MAC  
Protocol for Multi-Hop Wireless  
Networks

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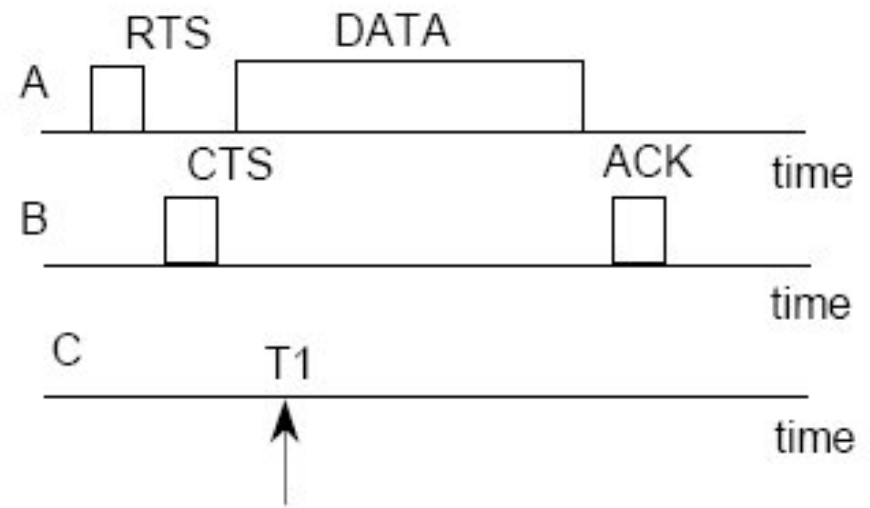
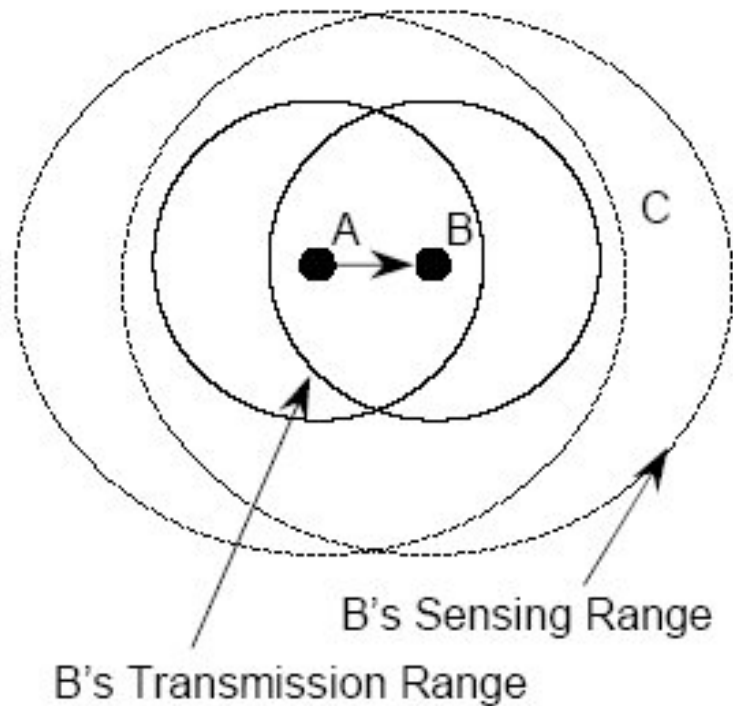
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# Introduction

- There are some problems under the multi-channel WLAN
    - Hidden terminal problems
    - Busy receiver problems (single transceiver)
    - Broadcast messages losing problems
    - ...
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# Hidden Terminal Problem (Multi-channel)



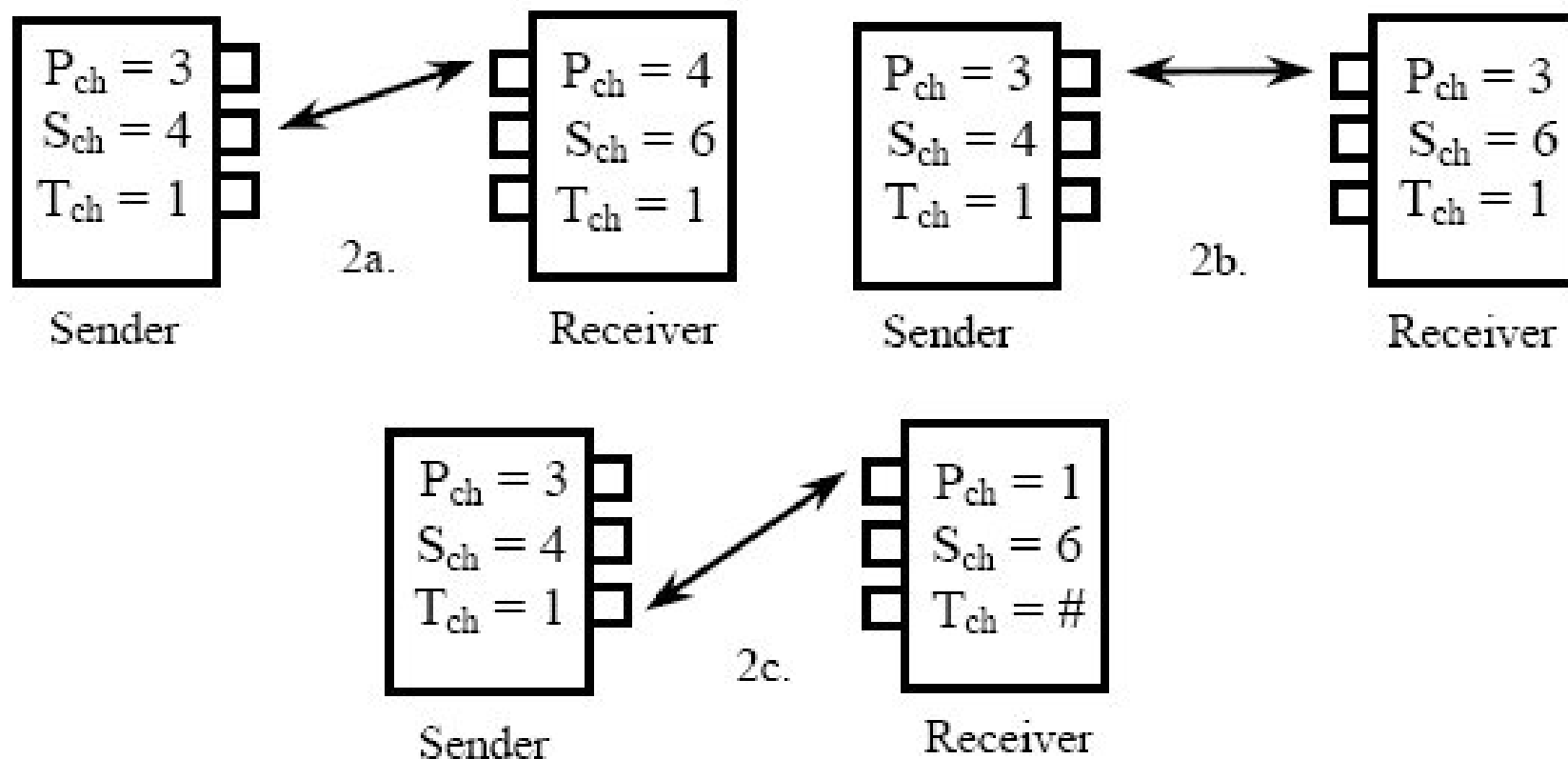
# Main Goals and Assumptions in This Paper

- Does not require any dedicated control channel or complex synchronization
  - Using multi-transceivers
    - P (Primary) → data channel
    - S (Secondary) → data channel
    - T (Tertiary) → broadcast channel and data channel
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# PCAM Protocol

- The primary interface is assigned a certain channel know as “primary channel”
    - Default channels to communicate with other MH
  - The Secondary transceiver is used mainly for sending data.
    - Not be assigned any fixed channel
  - Nodes are always contactable by their primary channel.
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# The Channel Assignment Example



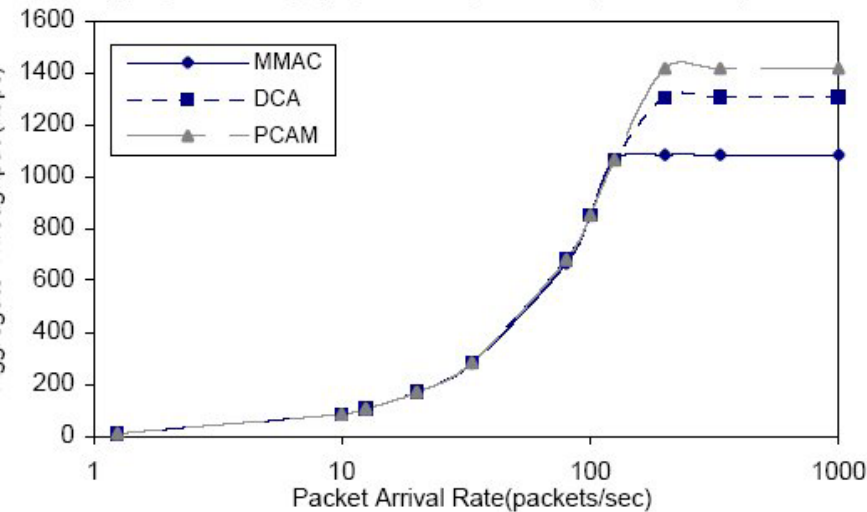
# Other Suggestions

- Shorten the transmission range (250m→200m)
    - To solve the hidden terminal problem
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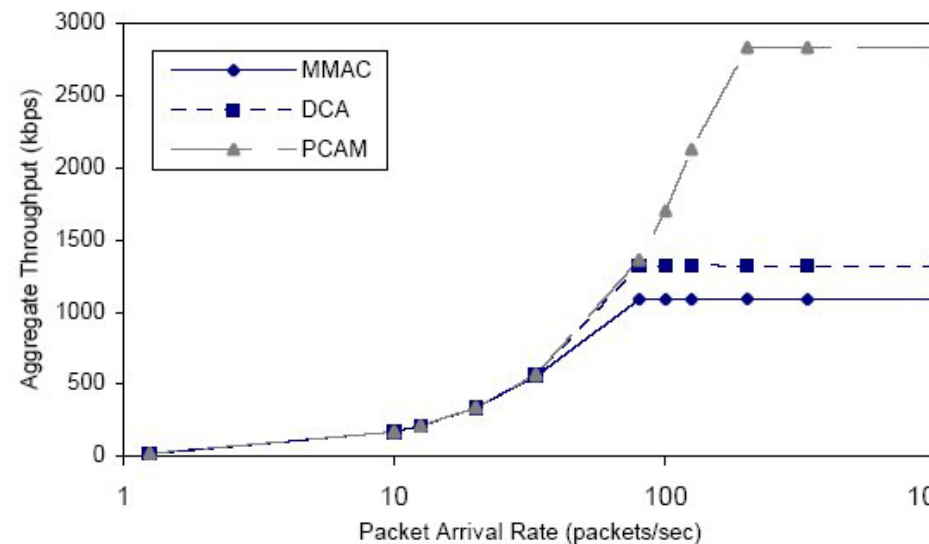
# Performance Evaluation

## ■ Comparing with [1] and [2]

Aggregate Throughput, 2 flows (2 senders, 2 receivers)

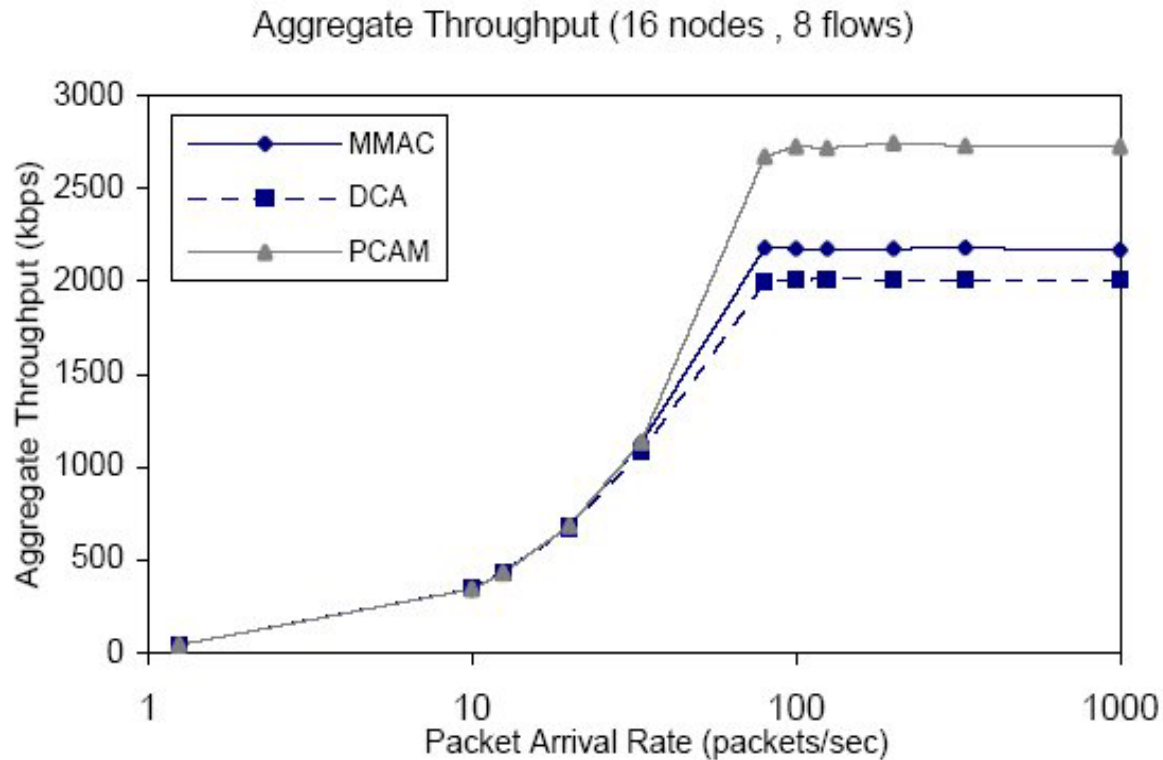


Aggregate Throughput, 4 flows (4 senders, 4 receivers)



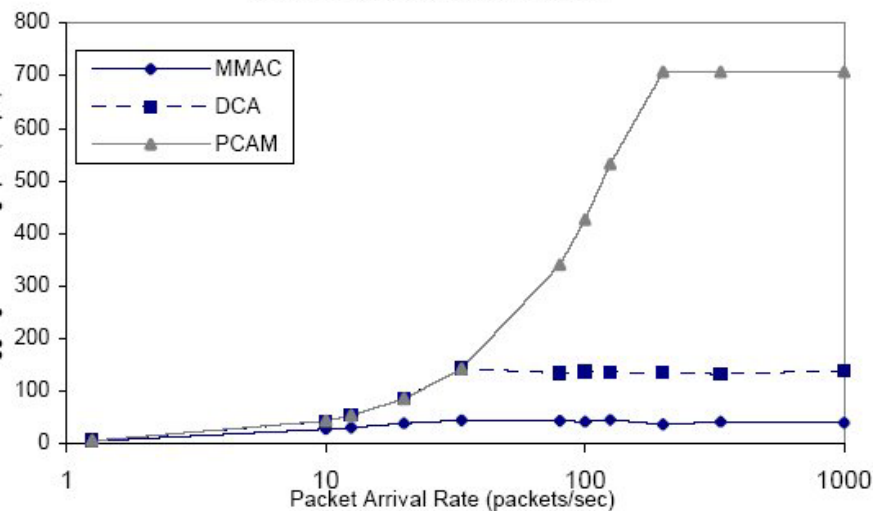


# Performance Evaluation (cont.)



# Performance Evaluation (cont.)

Aggregate Throughput (chain)



Aggregate Throughput (lattice)

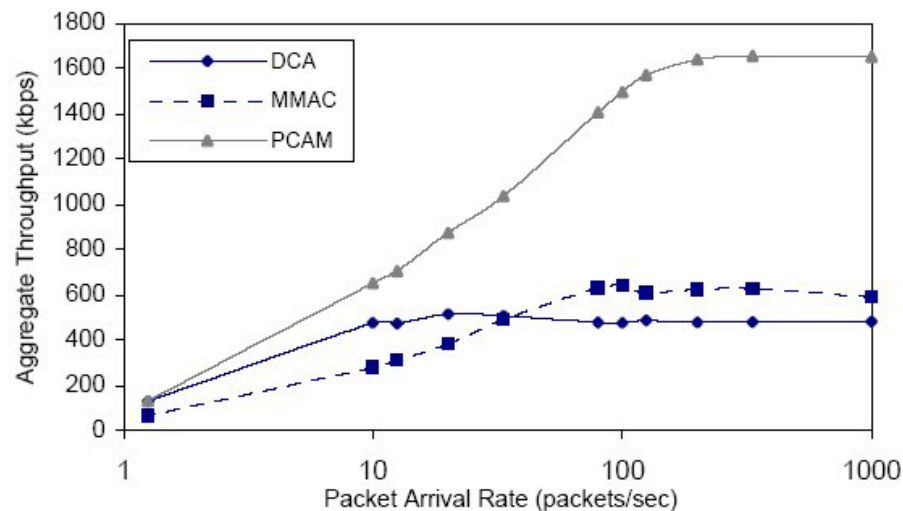


TABLE III.

	MMAC	DCA	PCAM	1-channel 802.11
<b>Throughput (kbps)</b>	33.550	132.986	707.489	53.115
<b>Delay (sec)</b>	1.3676	0.8871	0.3699	0.4577

TABLE IV. AVERAGE END-TO-END DELAY (IN SECONDS)

DCA	MMAC	PCAM
1.1815	0.3629	0.5805

# Discussion

- Do we need control channel?
    - Broadcast messages are important
  - Using a fixed transceiver to receive the messages from other nodes may be a good idea
    - Reducing the channel negotiation latency
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# Summary

- PCAM is a MAC protocol for multi-channel wireless networks.
  - PCAM using three transceivers.
    - P (Primary) → data channel
    - S (Secondary) → data channel
    - T (Tertiary) → broadcast channel and data channel
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# References

- [1] S.-L. Wu, C.-Y. Lin, Y.-C. Tseng and J.-P. Sheu, “A New Multi-Channel MAC Protocol with On-Demand Channel Assignment for Multi-Hop Mobile Ad Hoc Networks,” Int'l Symposium on Parallel Architectures, Algorithms and Networks(I-SPAN), 2000, pp. 232-237.
  - [2] J. So, N. H. Vaidya, “A Multi-channel MAC Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks”, UIUC Technical report, 2003.
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